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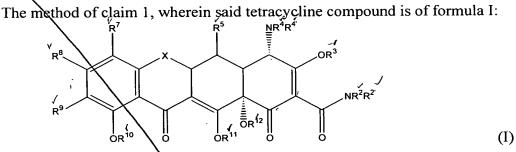
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CLAIMS

A method for controlling Cryptosporidium parvum in a mammal, comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a tetracycline compound, such that Cryptosporidium parvum is controlled in said mammal.

2.



wherein:

X is $CHC(R^{13}Y,Y)$, CHR^{6} , S, NR^{6} , or O;

R², R⁴ and R⁴ are each hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, arylalkyl, aryl, heterocyclic, heteroaromatic or a prodrug moiety;

R², R³, R¹⁰, R¹¹ and R¹² are each hydrogen or a pro-drug moiety;

R⁵ is hydroxy, hydrogen, thiol alkanoyl, aroyl, alkaroyl, aryl, heteroaromatic, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or an arylalkyl;

R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are each independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, halogen, thiol, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or an arylalkyl;

R¹³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or an arylalkyl;

Y' and Y are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, sulfhydryl, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkyl sulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or an arylalkyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- The method of claim 2, wherein R², R², R³, R¹⁰, R¹¹, and R¹² are each hydrogen or a 3. prodrug moiety.
- The method of claim 2, wherein R⁴ and R⁴ are each alkyl. 4.



- 5. The method of claim 5, wherein R⁴ and R⁴ are each methyl.
- \neq 6. The method of claim 2, wherein R⁵ is alkanoyl.
- 5 \neq 7. The method of claim 5, wherein R^5 is an ester.
 - 8. The method of claim 7, wherein R⁵ is a propanoic ester.
 - 9. The method of claim 2, wherein R⁵ is hydroxyl.
- 10 \downarrow 10. The method of claim 2, wherein R⁵ is hydrogen.
 - X 11. The method of claim 2, wherein X is S.
- 15 12. The method of claim 2, wherein X is CHR⁶.
 - 13. The method of claim 12, wherein R⁶ is alkyl.
 - 14. The method of claim 13, wherein R⁶ is methyl.
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 15. The method of claim 2, wherein R⁶ comprises a heteroatom.
 - +16. The method of claim 15, wherein R^6 comprises a sulfur atom.
- 25 \neq 17. The method of claim 16, wherein R^6 is a thioether.
 - +18. The method of claim 17, wherein R^6 is a cyclopentylthio ether.
 - 19. The method of claim 2, wherein R⁹ is hydrogen.
 - 20. The method of claim 2, wherein R⁹ is alkyl or alkenyl.
 - 21. The method of claim 20, wherein R⁹ is cyclopentenyl.
- 35 \nearrow 22. The method of claim 20, wherein R^9 is t-butyl.
 - +23. The method of claim 2, wherein \mathbb{R}^9 is alkynyl.

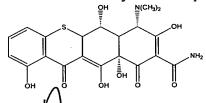
- 1. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:

26. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:

10 / 27. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:

28. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:

15 29. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:



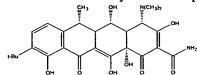
30. The method of claim 1, where possid tetracycline compound is doxycycline.

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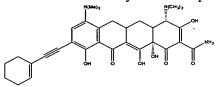
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人31. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:



→ 32. The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound is of the formula:



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- 33. The method of claim 1, wherein said mammal is immunocompetent.
- 34. The method of claim 1, wherein said mammal is immunocompromised.

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- 35. The method of claim 1, wherein said mammal is a human.
- 36. The method of claim 35, wherein said human has an immunodeficiency.

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- The method of claim 36, wherein said human has AIDS. 37.
- The method of claim 36, wherein said human has undergone chemotherapy. 38.

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The method of claim 1, wherein said effective amount is effective to treat a 39. Cryptosporidium parvum related disorder in said mammal.

40. The method of claim 37, wherein said Cryptosporidium parvum related disorder is diarrhea.

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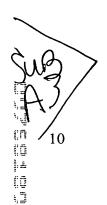
The method of claim 37, wherein said Cryptosporidium parvum related disorder is cryptosporidiosis.

The method of claim 1, wherein said tetracycline compound inhibits more than 70% of 42. Cryptosporidium parvum at a concentration less than 100 µg/ml.

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The method of claim 41, wherein said tetracycline compound inhibits more than 70% of 43. Cryptosporidium parvum at a concentration less than 10 µg/ml.

- 44. The method of claim 43, wherein said tetracycline compound inhibits more than 70% of *Cryptosporidium parvum* at a concentration less than 1 μg/ml.
- A method for treating a *Cryptosporidium parvum* related disorder in a mammal, comprising administering to said mammal an effective amount of a tetracycline compound such that said mammal is treated for said disorder.
 - 46. The method of claim 45, wherein said tetracycline compound is of formula I:



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R⁸

$$R^7$$
 R^5
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5
 R^5
 R^4
 R^4

wherein:

X is CHC(R¹³Y'Y), CHR S, NR⁶, or O;

R², R⁴, and R⁴ are each independently hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, arylalkyl, aryl, heterocyclic or heteroaromatic;

R², R³, R¹⁰, R¹¹ and R¹² are each hydrogen or a pro-drug moiety;

R⁵ is hydroxy, hydrogen, thiol, alkanoyl, aroyl, alkaroyl, aryl, heteroaromatic, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or arylalkyl;

R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are each independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, halogen, thiol, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or arylalkyl;

R¹³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or arylalkyl;

Y' and Y are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, sulfhydryl, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylamino, or arylalkyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.



- 47. The method of claim 46, wherein R², R², R³, R¹⁰, R¹¹, and R¹² are each hydrogen or a prodrug moiety.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein R⁴ and R⁴ are each methyl.
- 49. The method of claim 48, wherein R⁵ is alkanoyl, an ester group, a hydroxyl group or hydrogen.
 - 50. The method of claim 48, wherein X is S or CHR⁶.

The method of claim 50, wherein R⁶ is alkyl.

- 15 \angle 53. The method of claim 52, wherein R^6 is a thioether.
 - 54. The method of claim 46, wherein R⁹ is hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl.
 - 55. The method of claim 54, wherein R^9 is cyclopentenyl.
 - 56. The method of claim 54, wherein R⁹ is t-butyl.
 - \$\rightarrow\$57. The method of claim 54, wherein R⁹ is 2-cyclohexenyl-propynyl.
 - The method of claim 46, wherein said tetracycline compound is selected from the group consisting of 5-propionyl-6-eyclopentylsulfanylmethyl doxycycline; thiatetracycline; 9-cyclopent-1-enyl-doxycycline; 5-propionyl-9-tert-butyl-doxycycline; doxycycline; 9-tert-butyl doxycycline; 9-cyclohex-1-enylethynyl minocycline; and 6-cyclopentylsulfanylmethyl doxycycline.
 - 59. The method of claim 46, wherein said mammal is immunocompetent.
 - 60. The method of claim 46, wherein said mammal is immunocompromised.
- 35 61. The method of claim 46, wherein said mammal is a human.
 - 62. The method of claim 61, wherein said human is immunodeficient.

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- 63. The method of claim 62, wherein said human has AIDS.
- 64. The method of claim 62, wherein said human has undergone chemotherapy.
- 65. The method of claim 46, wherein said effective amount is effective to treat a *Cryptosporidium parvum* related disorder in said mammal.
- 66. The method of claim 65, wherein said *Cryptosporidium parvum* related disorder is diarrhea.
 - 67. The method of claim 65, wherein said *Cryptosporidium parvum* related disorder is cryptosporidiosis.
- 15 68. The method of claim 46, further comprising the administration of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 69. The method of claim 46, further comprising the administration of a supplementary anti-Cryptosporidium parvum agent.
 - 70. The method of claim 46, wherein said supplementary agent is paromomycin or a derivative thereof.
- 71. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of a tetracycline compound to treat a *Cryptosporidium parvum* related disorder in a mammal and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 72. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, wherein said tetracycline compound is selected from the group consisting of: 5-propionyl-6-cyclopentylsulfanylmethyl doxycycline; thiatetracycline; 9-cyclopent-1-enyl-doxycycline; 5-propionyl-9-tert-butyl-doxycycline; doxycycline; 9-tert-butyl doxycycline; 9-cyclohex-1-enylethynyl minocycline; and 6-cyclopentylsulfanylmethyl doxycycline.
- 73. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, wherein said tetracycline compound is 9-35 cyclopent-1-enyl-doxycycline.



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- The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, wherein said *Cryptosporidium parvum* related disorder is cryptosporidoisis.
- 75. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, wherein said *Cryptosporidium parvum* 5 related disorder is diarrhea.
 - 76. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 71, further comprising an effective amount of a supplementary anti-Cryptosporidium parvum agent.

10 77. A tetracycline compound of the formula: